



WELCOME TO 'Being greener'







Local Conservation and Biodiversity

Sarah Grinsted



Presentation

- 1. Local sites of conservation interest
- 2. Steeple Langford All Saints Churchyard
- 3. Himalayan Balsam in Grovely Wood

Local Sites of Conservation Interest

Steeple Langford All Saints Churchyard



In 2021, a botanical survey and map of the churchyard was completed which identified 63 different species, 17 of them characteristic of unimproved grassland.

Chalk grassland plants present included:

- Dwarf thistle
- Salad burnet
- Bird's foot trefoil
- Rough hawkbit

Also present were some grasses of note:

- Downy oat grass
- Meadow oat grass
- Small cat's tail
- Field woodrush

















It is unlikely that artificial fertiliser has ever been used in the churchyard and this has kept fertility low, encouraging the growth of chalkland flowers which would be overwhelmed by vigorous coarse grass species under more fertile conditions.

With the support of Revd. Jonathan Plows and the grass mowing team, a new mowing regime has been established on an experimental basis, to encourage the growth and seeding of a variety of wildflower species.





This project supports the Eco Church work of All Saints.

Himalayan Balsam in Grovely Wood

Himalayan Balsam is an invasive species that competes with native plants for space, light and nutrients and can lead to a loss of biodiversity.





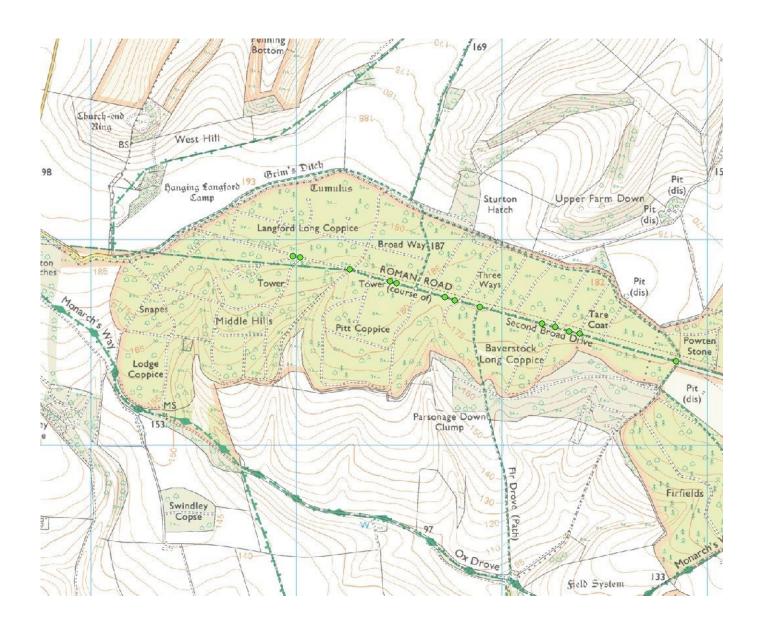
Himalayan Balsam was introduced to the UK in 1839 and spread rapidly. It is typically found alongside rivers and ditches, rather than in woodland.

The plant flowers from June onwards and produces seed pods between July and October. The seeds are released from the pods 'explosively' and can survive in the soil

for up to three years.



It is illegal to plant Himalayan balsam in the wild.



Himalayan balsam is present in Grovely Wood.

A morning was spent in 2021 pulling up Himalayan Balsam from the central ride of the woods, but a systematic effort will be needed to have a significant impact.

The occurrences of the plant have been mapped using GPS in readiness for further action in 2022.

Himalayan Balsam is removed by hand pulling and leaving it to decompose in an open area.



The Forestry Commission have undertaken mowing and clearance of undergrowth to make the Himalayan Balsam in Grovely more accessible, and 3 or 4 work parties are planned for 2022 – volunteers are welcome!

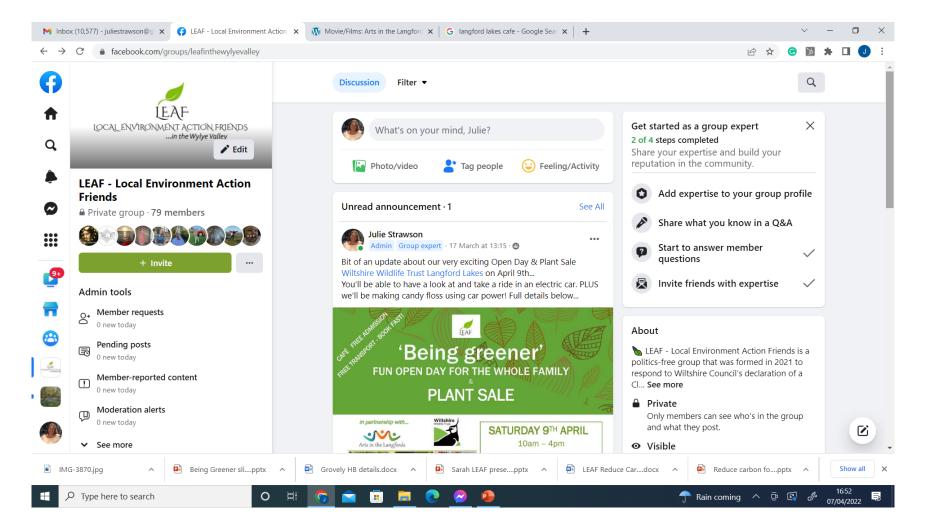
Provisional dates in 2022 are:

- Saturday 11th June
- Saturday 23rd July
- Saturday 27th August
- Saturday 24th September

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