Maintenance Checklist

The starting point for regular maintenance is to draw up a checklist to inspect your home in a logical sequence.

Our list below is not exhaustive, but it covers the most critical elements.

Use binoculars to check high level areas like the roof or chimney from the ground if safe access is not available.

	se binoculars to check high level areas like the roof or chimney from the ground if safe access is not available.
	gutters, channels, hopper heads and pipes
	spect and clear any debris or blockages after heavy leaf fall, at least every autumn and preferably more often
	e there any leaking joints?
	pes rainwater cascade over the gutter from the roof? Inspect while it is raining and note any leakages
Do	pes the water pool in any one area?
Do	the gutters slope correctly towards outlets? You can check this by pouring water into the gutter and checking that it drains away
If g	gutters are fixed to timber fascia boards, check the condition of fascia boards and at the same time soffit and barge boards
Ch	eck the rear side of pipes with a mirror and look for cracks and corrosion
Are	e pipes securely fixed to the wall?
Are	e there any signs of staining or algae growth, or any washed-out mortar joints, on the wall behind the pipe?
Drainage g	gullies
Ins	spections should be carried out every autumn and preferably more often
Ch	eck that drainage gullies are free from silt, debris, vegetation and other objects
Ma	ake sure that all gully inlets are covered by a grating
Pitched ro	of coverings
Ins	spect twice a year and after storms or high winds
	ebris on the ground will give an indication of roof problems
	e there any loose, slipped, broken or missing slates or tiles?
	there a lot of moss? This could potentially block gutters and pipes or stop water running off the roof. Retained water in moss can cause thatch to rot
	ok for signs of dampness on ceilings or in loft spaces as a possible indication of roof leaks
Flat roof co	
	spect twice a year
-	e there any splits, tears, cracks or holes in the roof coverings?
 	ok for signs of dampness on ceilings or in roof voids as a possible indication of roof leaks
Chimneys	ok for signs of dampress on centrigs of in roof voids as a possible indication of roof leaks
	a the selection of the least of the selection of the sele
	e the chimney stacks or chimney pots leaning?
-	e any chimney pots out of position?
	there any vegetation growing out of the chimney?
—	neck for cracks, loose or bulging stones or brick, and badly eroded or open joints
	range for a close inspection promptly if you find any of the above
	or valley tiles
	e any of the tiles missing, lifted or slipped?
	neck to see if there are any open gaps between tiles and arrange for close inspection if necessary
Flashings	
Are	e all flashings still fixed into the wall, chimney or roof covering?
Ch	eck to ensure that the joints, where they are fixed, are in good condition
En	sure that flashings are dressed down and have not been blown or moved away from the surface of the wall
Exterior wa	alls
ls t	there deep erosion or missing pointing in the joints?
Are	e there any cracks?
Lo	ok for defects in stonework, brickwork and rendering such as cracks, deep erosion, missing pointing or crumbling
Is t	there any green staining, algae or vegetation that might suggest issues with drainage systems, flashings or weathering details
Base of wa	alls
Ch	neck to ensure that ground levels are at least 150 millimetres below the level of any known damp-proof course or 150 millimetres below internal floor levels
En	sure that vents are not obstructed
Re	emove plants and vegetation growing on or close to the building if they are causing damage
	there any green staining, algae or vegetation that might suggest issues with drainage systems or ground water?
Windows a	
	made of timber or metal, is the paintwork in good condition and is there any decay?
	neck for bare timber, especially on thresholds, sills and lower and underside areas of window sashes
	ervices, pipes and flues
i i	neck water and heating systems for leaks
	sure that pipes are lagged
	ectrical and gas installations should be regularly inspected by certified experts
	spect chimney flues and ensure that they are clear from obstruction and do not leak
	neck for signs of leaking mains water supply pipes and stop valves near the building st fire alarms, smoke detectors and carbon monoxide alarms